

$$3/ \quad x \partial_x u + y \partial_y u = 2u$$

$$\boxed{u(x, y) = 1} \text{ on } \underline{\text{circle}} = \{x^2 + y^2 = 1\}$$

Step 1: $a = x, b = y, c = 2u$

① Step 2: parametrization

$$\cos^2(s) + \sin^2(s) = 1$$

$$x_0(s) = \cos(s), \quad y_0(s) = \sin(s), \quad u_0(s) = 1$$

② Step 3: $\partial_t x = x$, $\boxed{x_0(s) = \cos(s)}$: ①
 $t=0: \cos(s)$

$$\boxed{\partial_t y = y, \quad y_0(s) = \sin(s)}$$
: ②

$$\partial_t u = 2u, \quad u_0(s) = 1$$
: ③

①: $x(t, s) = e^t \cdot K$: $K = \cos(s)$: $x(t, s) = e^t \cos(s)$

$$f = ?$$

$$f = e^{t+c}$$

$$= e^t \cdot K$$

$$\boxed{\frac{df}{dt} = f}$$

$$\frac{df}{f} = dt \xrightarrow{\text{integrate}} \int \frac{df}{f} = \int dt$$

$$= \ln f = t + C$$

$$(2) : \partial_t y = y, \quad y_0(s) = \sin(s)$$

$$y(t, s) = e^t \cdot \sin(s). \quad (5)$$

$$(3) \quad \partial_t u = \underline{2u}, \quad u_0(s) = 1$$

$$u(t, s) = e^{2t} \cdot 1 = e^{2t} \quad (6)$$

$$x(t, s) = e^t \cdot \cos(s) \quad (5)$$

$$u = \textcircled{\# x} + \textcircled{\# y}$$

something in x *something in y*

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = \cos(s) \cdot e^t \\ y = \sin(s) \cdot e^t \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{t} \\ \text{square} \end{array}$$

$$x^2 = \cos^2(s) \cdot e^{2t}, \quad y^2 = \sin^2(s) \cdot e^{2t}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = e^{2t} (\cos^2 s + \sin^2 s) = e^{2t} = u$$

$$1/ \quad 1 \cdot \partial_x u + \partial_y u = 1, \quad u(\underline{x}, \underline{0}) = \underline{\sin(x)}$$

Step 1: $a = 1, b = 1, c = 1$

Step 2: Parametrization

$$x_0(s) = s, \quad y_0(s) = 0, \quad u_0(s) = \sin(s)$$

Step 3:

$$\begin{cases} \partial_t x = 1, & \underline{x_0(s) = s} \quad (1) \\ \partial_t y = 1, & \underline{y_0(s) = 0} \quad (2) \\ \partial_t u = 1, & u_0(s) = \sin(s) \quad (3) \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{df}{dt} = 1 \Rightarrow f = t + K$$

$$\begin{cases} x(t, s) = t + s \rightarrow x = t + s \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y(t, s) = t + 0 = t \rightarrow y = t \end{cases}$$

$$u(t, s) = t + \sin(s)$$

$$s = x - t = x - y$$

$$u(x, y) = y + \sin(x - y)$$

$$* \underline{\underline{2}} * \quad x \partial_x u + (x+y) \partial_y u = 1, \quad \boxed{u(1,y) = y}$$

Step 1: $a = x, b = x+y, c = 1$

Step 2: Parametrization:

$$x_0(s) = 1, \quad y_0(s) = s, \quad u_0(s) = s$$

Step 3: $\partial_t x = x, \quad x(0,s) = 1 \quad (1)$

$$\partial_t y = x+y, \quad y_0(s) = s \quad (2)$$

$$\partial_t u = 1, \quad u_0(s) = s \quad (3)$$

$$(1): \quad \boxed{x(t,s) = e^t} \quad (4) \quad \left| \quad \boxed{u = t+s} \quad (6) \right.$$

$$\partial_t y = e^t + y \Rightarrow \partial_t y - y = e^t$$

$$\partial_t (e^{-t} y) = e^{-t} (\partial_t y - y) = e^{-t} \cdot e^t = \boxed{1}$$

product rule

Integrate wrt t on $[0,t]$: $y = x(\ln x + s)$

$$e^{-t} y(t,s) - e^0 y(0,s) = t \Rightarrow \boxed{s = \frac{y}{x} - \ln x}$$

$$e^{-t} y(t,s) - s = t$$

$$\boxed{y(t,s) = (s+t) e^t} \quad (5)$$

$$u = t+s = \frac{y}{x}$$

